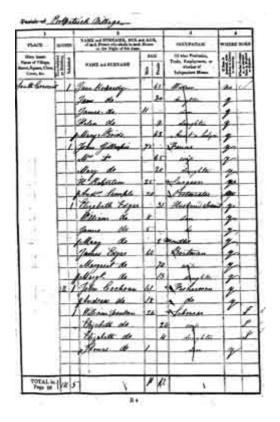


Old and New Data with Old and New Positives and Negatives

John Aston University of Cambridge & The Alan Turing Institute



Old and New Data



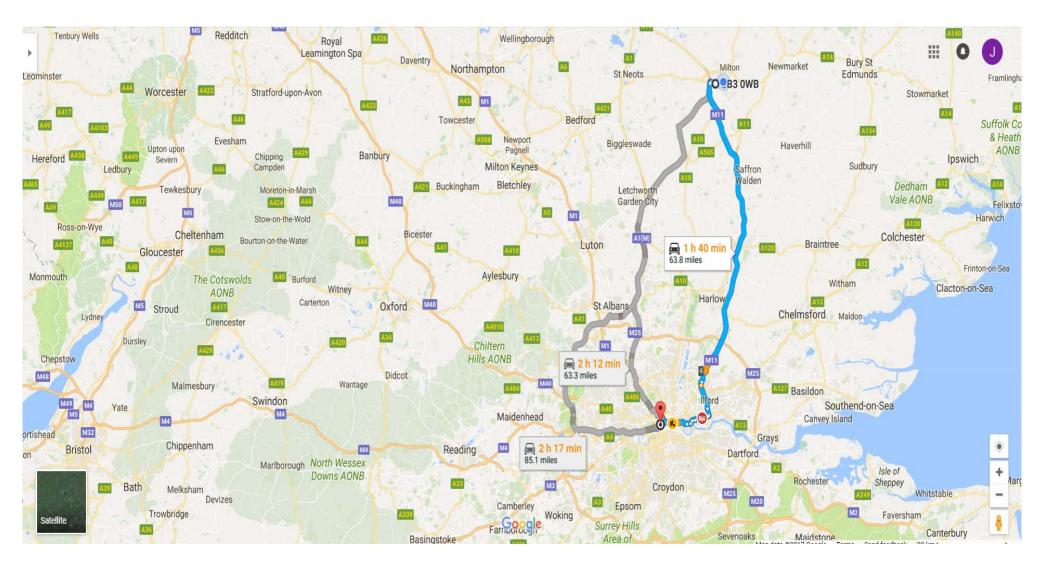


Cambridge University's Data Centre

1841 Scottish Census Record (Courtesy Scottish National Records Office)



New Data – New Promise





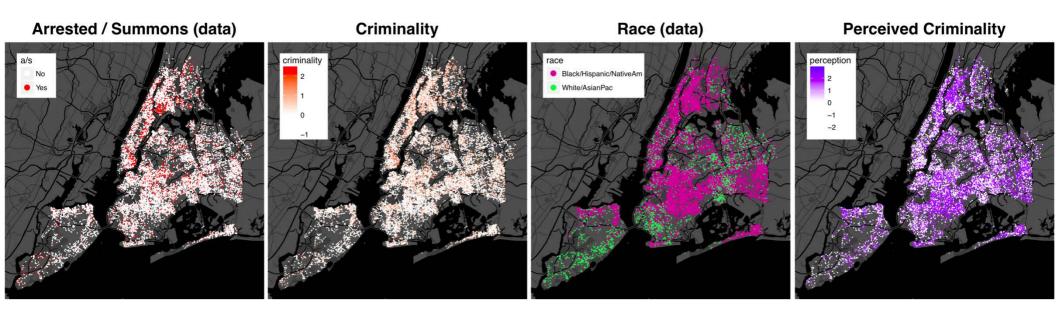
New data – old issues?

Adapted from Alan Turing Institute research by Wachter et al, 2017:

- It is taken for granted that making a system more interpretable will also make it less efficient. Is this true?
- Explanations may not always be technically feasible or practical. Alternative accountability mechanisms need to be explored for these cases, including certification schemes and auditing functions.
- Similar systems should be similarly regulated, AI, Robotics, Machine Learning, Autonomous Systems...



New data – new solutions?



Understanding criminality. The above maps show the decomposition of stop and search data in New York into factors based on perceived criminality (a race dependent variable) and latent criminality (a race neutral measure).

Research by Alan Turing Institute (Kusner et al, 2017)



New and Old Data



Professor Sir Charles Bean

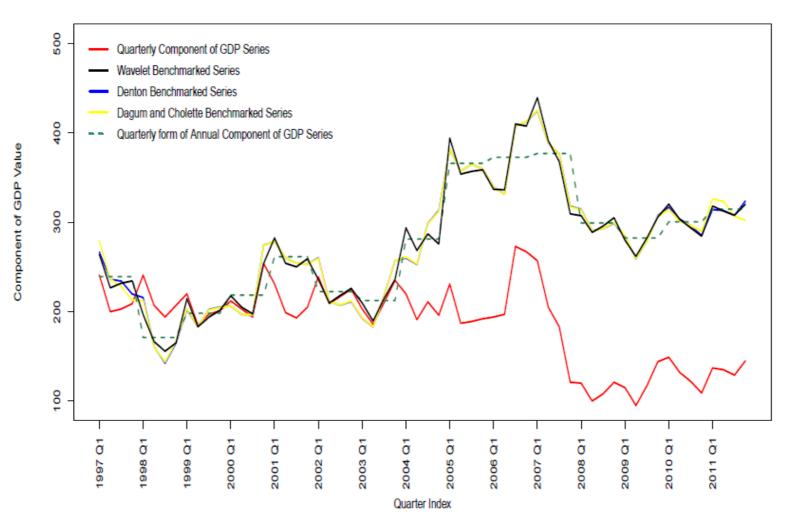


Bean Review into Economic Statistics addressed the burgeoning need for data integration



New and Old Data – Old Issues

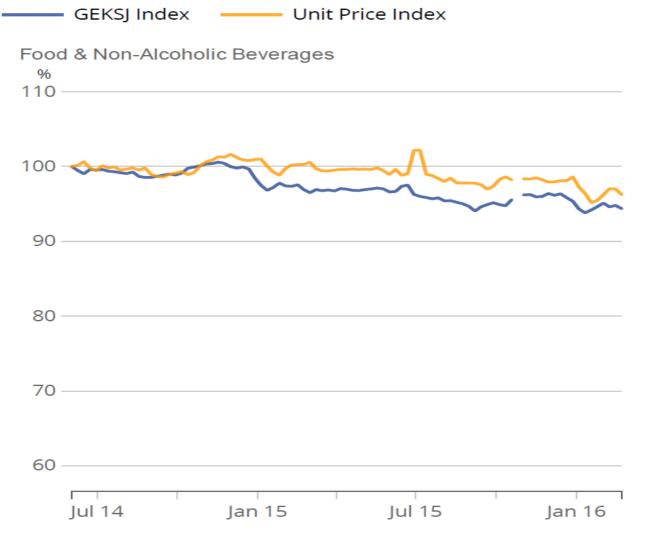
Different Benchmarking Methods Applied to Component of UK GDP Data





From Sayal et al, 2017

New and Old Data – New Promise



From ONS, Research indices using web scraped price data: May 2016 update



A Few Refs

- Wachter et al (2017) Transparent, explainable, and accountable AI for robotics, *Science Robotics*, 2:eaan6080
- Kusner et al (2017) Counterfactual Fairness, arXiv, 1703.06856
- Bean (2017) Independent Review of UK Economic Statistics
- Sayal et al (2017), An introduction to Wavelet Benchmarking with Seasonal Adjustment, JRSSA, 180: 863–889

